
Report from the
Brainstorming & Calculationshop
**The Physics Case for a Low
Energy Frontier**

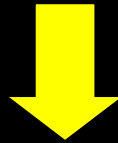
Last week@DESY

S. Abel, M. Ahlers, I. Antoniaids,
W. Buchmueller, C. van de Bruck, J. Conlon,
M. Goodsell, M. Guzzi, J. Jaeckel, V. Khoze,
R. Lehnert, A. Mirizzi, J. Redondo,
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Motivation

Last few years have shown:

- Low energy experiments, in particular those with photons can search for new physics in 'hidden sectors'
- Can 'see' physics with extremely weak coupling missed in conventional colliders
- Tests physics connected to ultrahigh energy scales

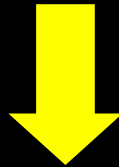


Complementary to colliders!
New window to fundamental physics!

Motivation

Last few years have shown:

- Low energy experiments, in particular those with photons can search for new physics in 'hidden sectors'
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Complementary to colliders!

New window to fundamental physics!

- Price to pay: Particles must be light!

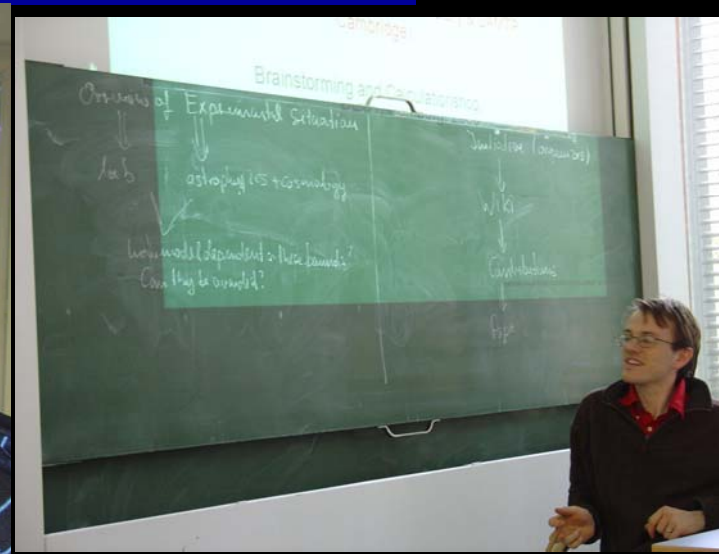
Goal

- Make compelling `physics case' for particles and phenomena detectable in such experiments
 - Combine and strengthen existing efforts
 - Recruit new forces
 - Write White Paper
-

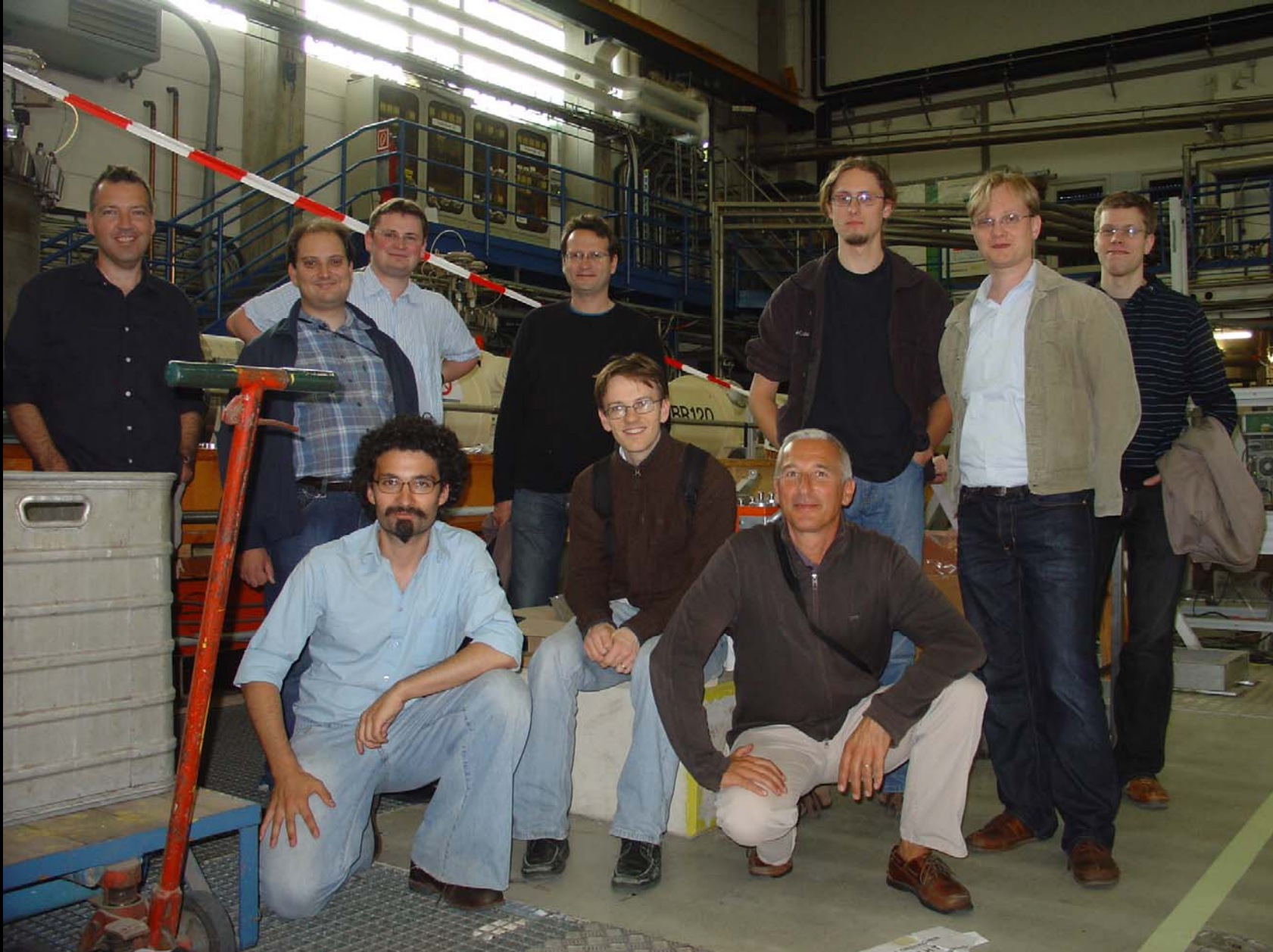
Brainstorming



Calculating



Joining forces



The Mystery of the meV Scale

Why the meV scale is interesting

- Dark energy $\rho_\Lambda \sim (\text{meV})^4$
 - Neutrino mass $\sim \text{meV}$
 - Experiments are sensitive in this regime
 - Not extremely well tested for many particles
-

Masses for hidden sector particles

$$m \sim \frac{M_s^2}{M_P} \sim 10^{-4} \text{ eV}$$

$$M_s \sim 1 \text{ TeV}$$



$M_A \ll M_s$ is M_s is low

lower bound

$$M_s = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$M_A = \left\{ \frac{M_s^2}{M_P} \right\} \sim 10^{-4} \text{ eV}$$

$V = V_{\perp}$ complete bulk

$$\sqrt{V_{\perp}} \sim 10^{16} \quad g_A \sim 10^{-16}$$

U(1)_A part of the bulk $\rightarrow M_A$ is increased ex. half of the bulk (2 dims out of 4 large)

$$g_A \sim 10^{-8} \quad M_A \sim 10^{3-5} \quad (\text{GeV} \sim 10 \text{ keV} \sim 1 \text{ keV})$$

4 out of 6 large dims (D7, D3)

$$g_A \sim \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{V_{\perp}}} \right)^{4/6} \sim 10^{-10} \quad M_A \sim 10^{-10} \text{ eV}$$

6 "exotic" 5 out of 6

A mass generation mechanism

- For hidden gauge bosons such a mass could arise from anomalies
- It is a Stueckelberg mass
(hopefully stable against quantum corrections)
- Connected to large volume V of extra dimensions

$$m \sim \frac{M_s^2}{M_P} \sim \frac{M_P}{V/l_s^6}$$

Large volumes

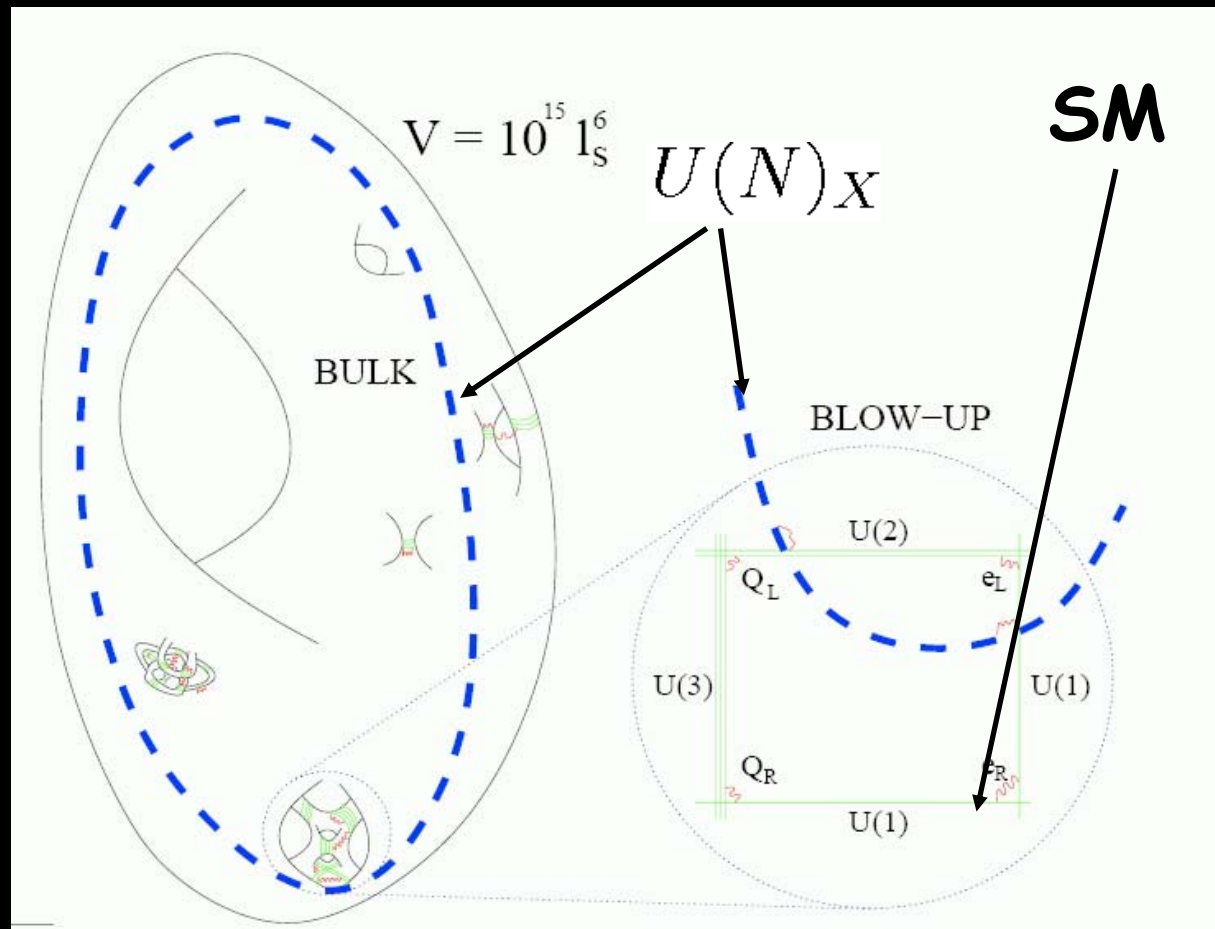
- May solve the hierarchy problem:
the goal is to make the string scale small

$$M_s \sim \frac{M_P}{\sqrt{V}}$$

- Can be generated dynamically... in some models
-

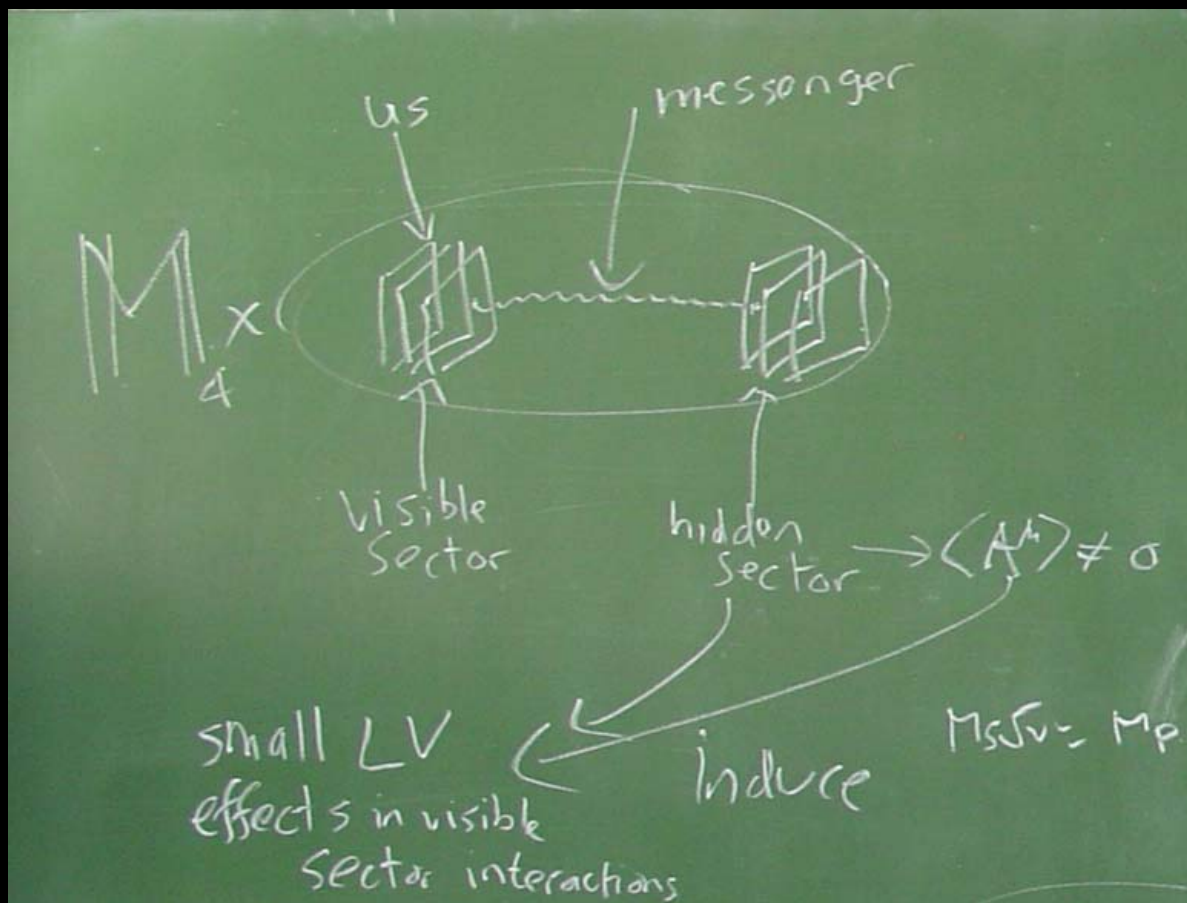
...and other
small effects

Hyperweak gauge interactions



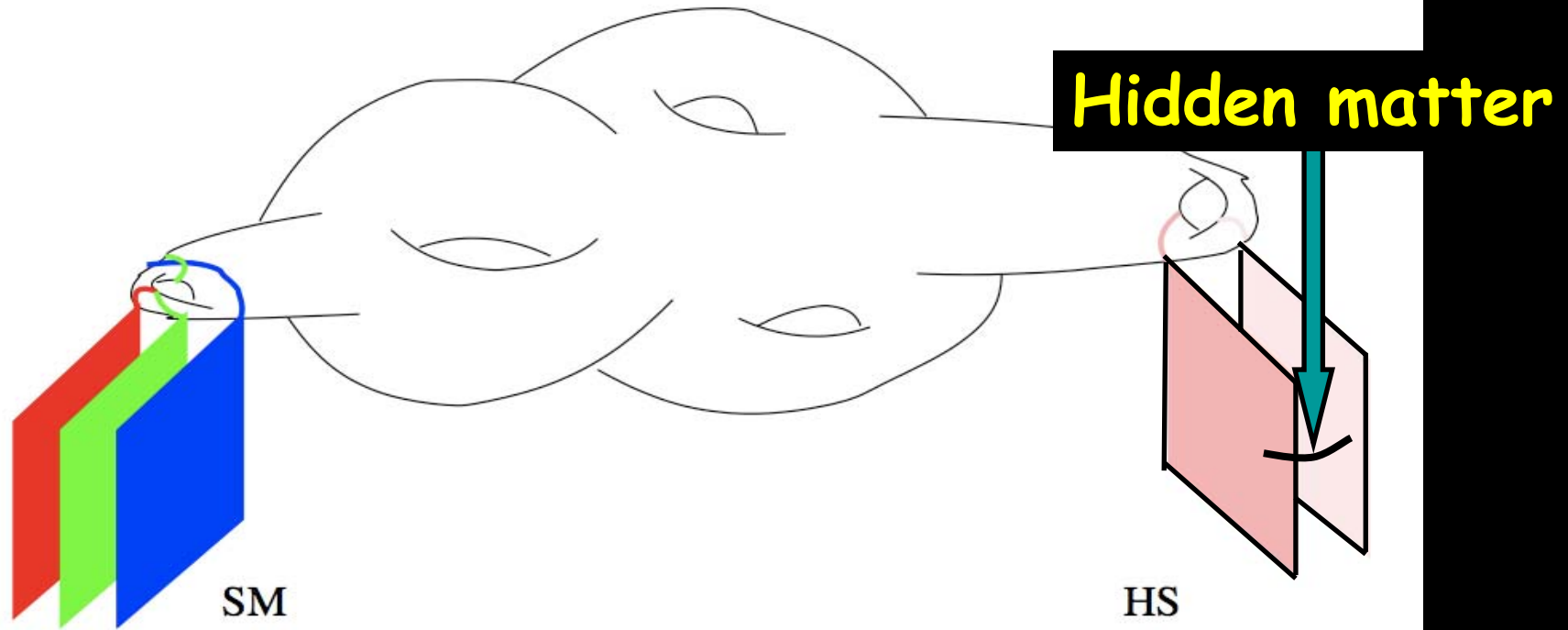
$$g^2 \sim \frac{1}{V^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

Lorentz symmetry violation



$$\frac{\langle C^{\mu\nu} \rangle}{(V/l_s^6) M_s} \bar{\psi} D_\mu \gamma_\nu \psi$$

Mixing with hidden photons



$$U(A) \times U(B) \times U(C)$$

$$U(A) \times U(B)$$

$$\text{mixing} \sim \frac{l_s^4}{V}$$

The Will-o-WISP wiki



Main Page

Contents [\[hide\]](#)

- [1 Brainstorming and Calculationshop](#)
 - [1.1 Motivation](#)
 - [1.2 Goal](#)
 - [1.3 List of Participants](#)
 - [1.4 Material](#)
 - [1.5 Some additional MediaWiki infos](#)

Brainstorming and Calculationshop [\[edit\]](#)

Motivation [\[edit\]](#)

In the last years it became clear that a variety of low energy experiments , in particular optical experiments, can search for new physics related to a hidden sector that is extremely weakly coupled to the standard model. Due to their extremely weak interactions, particles in such a hidden sector would be invisible to conventional collider detectors. Moreover, these experiments can often indirectly probe processes associated to energy scales much higher than those experiments at the current high energy frontier. In this way, these experiments complement conventional collider searches. The price to pay is that a detection in low energy experiments typically (not always) requires that some hidden-sector particles are light. These particles might have something to say about important open fundamental questions like the hierarchy problem, unification, dark energy

Special thanks to Javier and Markus!!



navigation

- [Main Page](#)
- [Community portal](#)
- [Current events](#)
- [Recent changes](#)
- [Random page](#)
- [Help](#)
- [Donations](#)

search

toolbox

- [What links here](#)
- [Related changes](#)
- [Upload file](#)
- [Special pages](#)
- [Printable version](#)
- [Permanent link](#)

More soon at

<http://alps-wiki.desy.de/e13/e42>

Details will follow soon...

White Paper:

**The Physics case
for...**

The participants of the
Brainstorming&Calculationshop

Table of Contents

- I. Overview of experimental situation (for theorists)
- II. `Bottom-up' approach
 - Axions
 - General scalar fields (ALPs, chameleons, quintessence)
 - Extra `hidden' photons
 - Higher spin particles?
 - LV violating effects
- III `Top-down' approach
 - string theory
 - anomalies
 - loop quantum gravity

Can we accommodate?

Is it possible?

Is it possible?

Is it natural?

Is it unavoidable?

More soon at

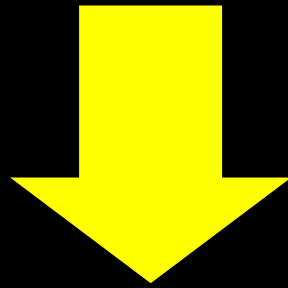
<http://alps-wiki.desy.de/e13/e42>



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- bla

Original speaker

- Alessandro Mirizzi
- Has job interview



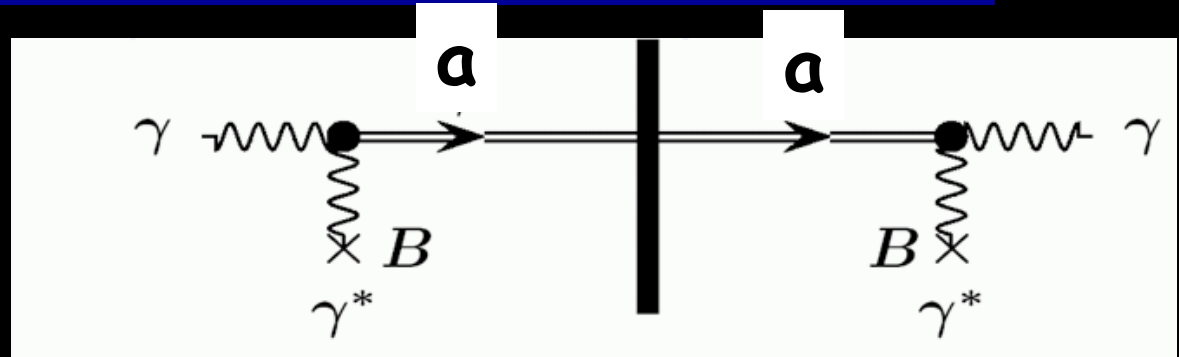
Good Luck!!!

Of course he doesn't need it!

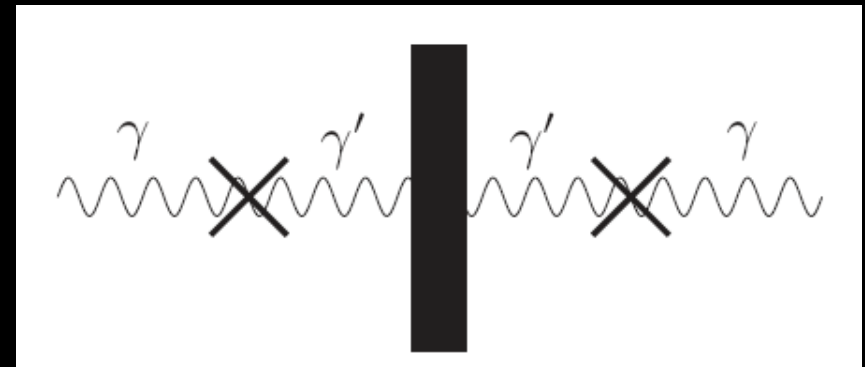
WISPS=Weakly interacting sub-eV particles

- **Axions**

$$\frac{1}{M} a \tilde{F} F$$



- **Massive hidden photons (without B-field) = analog ν -oscillations**



- **Hidden photon + minicharged particle (MCP)**

