

WISP hunting

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some new experimental ideas¹

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AC/DC

Highway to minicharged
particles

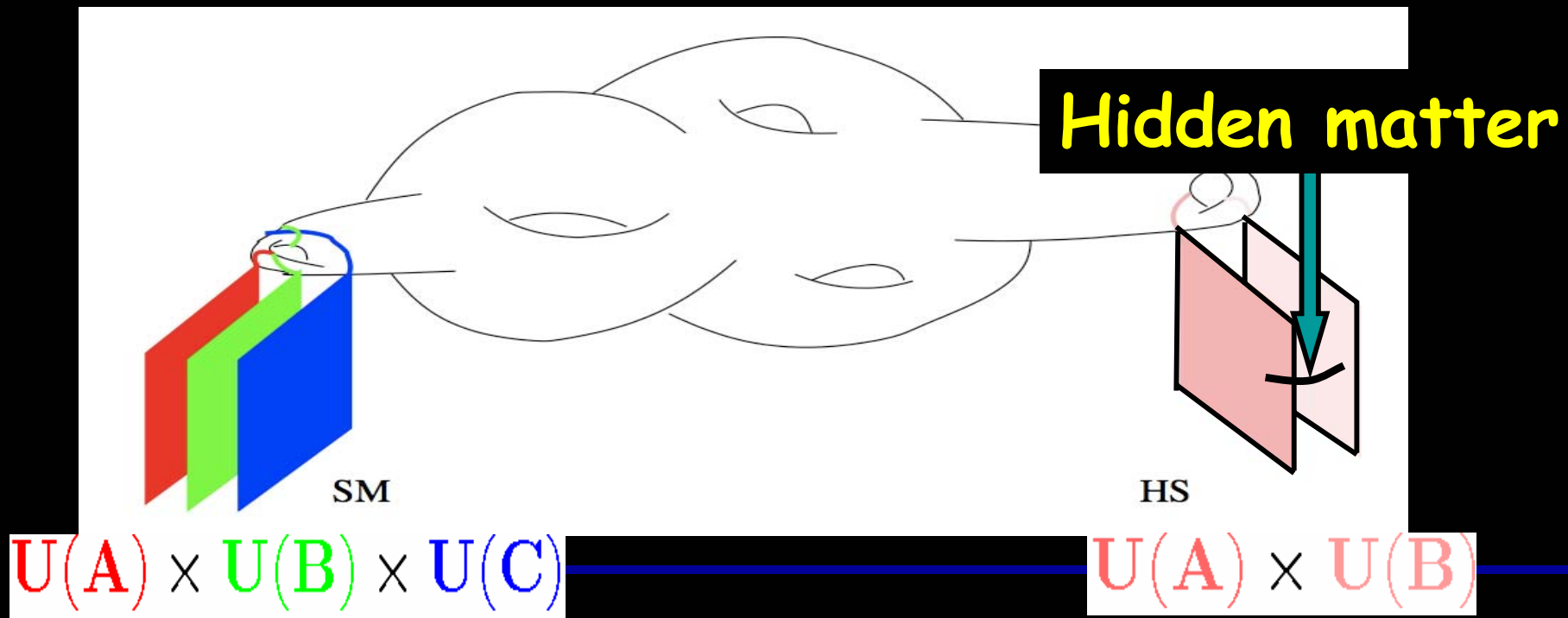
AC/DC

(accelerator cavity/dark current)

Highway to minicharged
particles

Minicharged particles

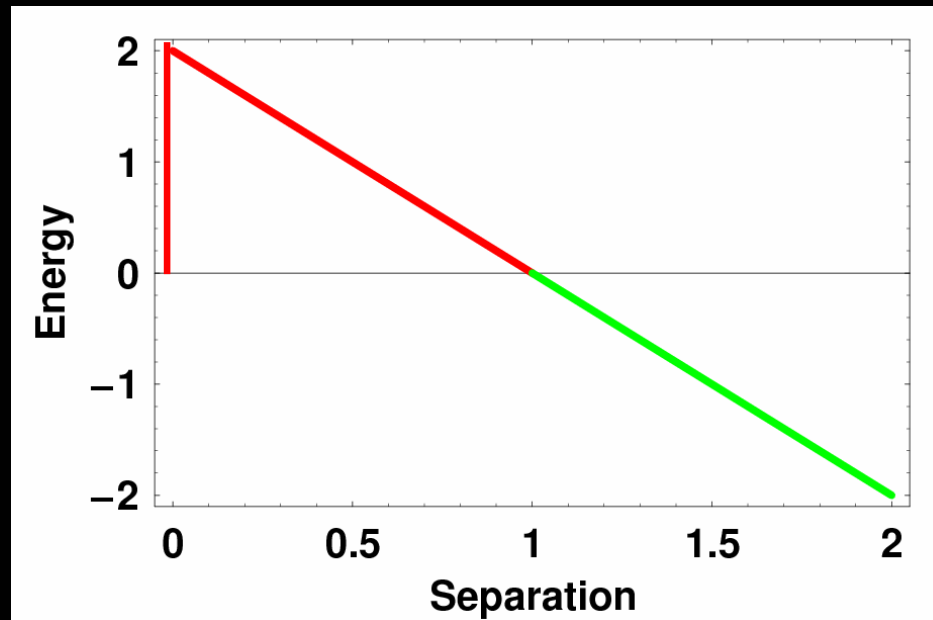
- Minicharged particles are particles which have a small fraction of the electron electric charge
- Searching them tests fundamental ideas such as charge quantization
- May give insight into fundamental physics



Schwinger Pair Production

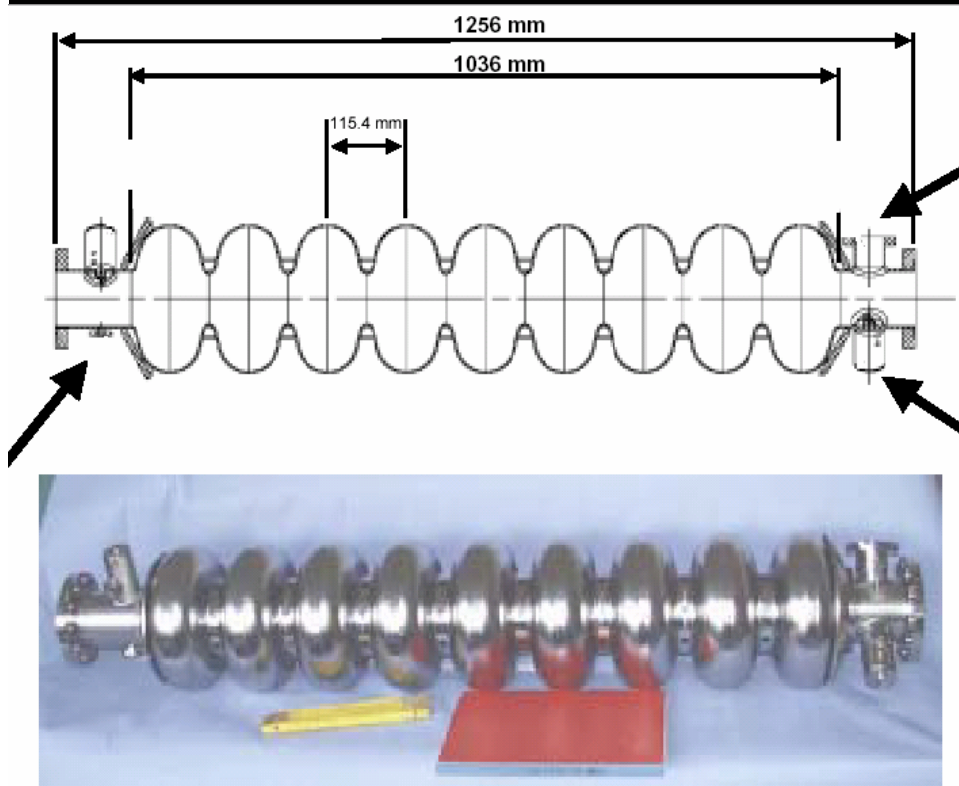
- Pair Production in a strong electric Field (without Laser)!
- Similar to tunneling:

Energy of
'vacuum pair'



- An f, \bar{f} -pair separated by a distance $d > \frac{2m_e}{eE}$ has less energy than no particles!

Accelerator cavities



One standard 9-cell TESLA accelerating structure

$$E \gtrsim 25 \text{ MV/m} \approx 16 \text{ eV}^2$$

must be &

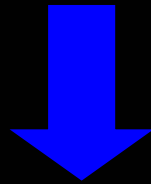
$$E_{crit} = \frac{m_\epsilon^2}{c\epsilon}$$

 Sensitive to

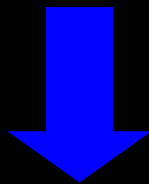
$$\epsilon < 2 \times 10^{-6} \quad \text{for} \quad m_\epsilon < 0.01 \text{ eV}$$

Finding the produced MCPs

- Effects of millicharged particles decreases with smaller ϵ



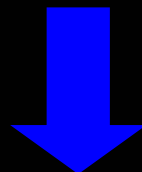
Direct detection is difficult



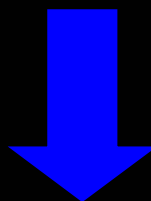
Look for macroscopic effects

Energy loss

- If many particles are produced we get a

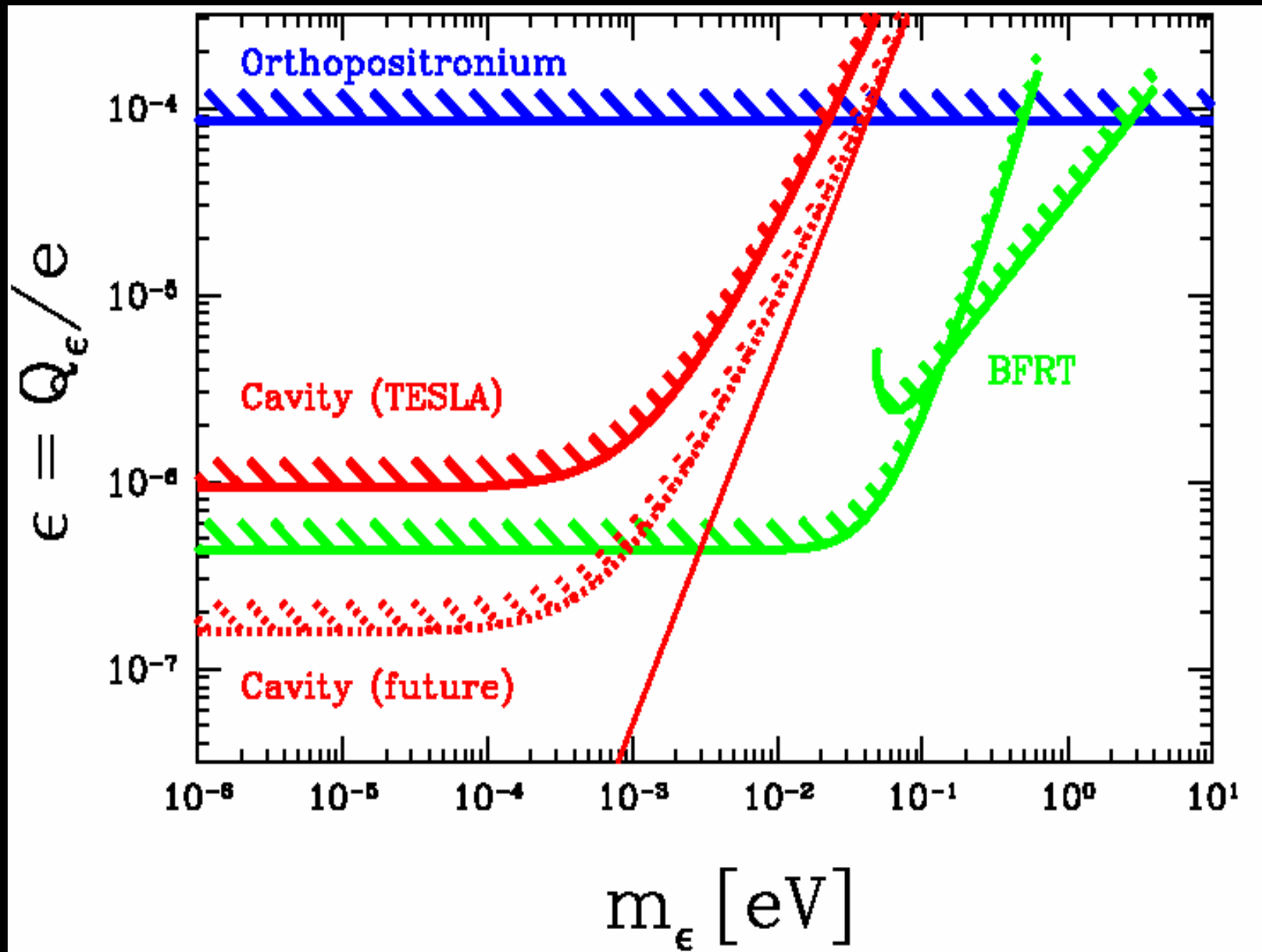


Macroscopic energy loss!



Can be measured

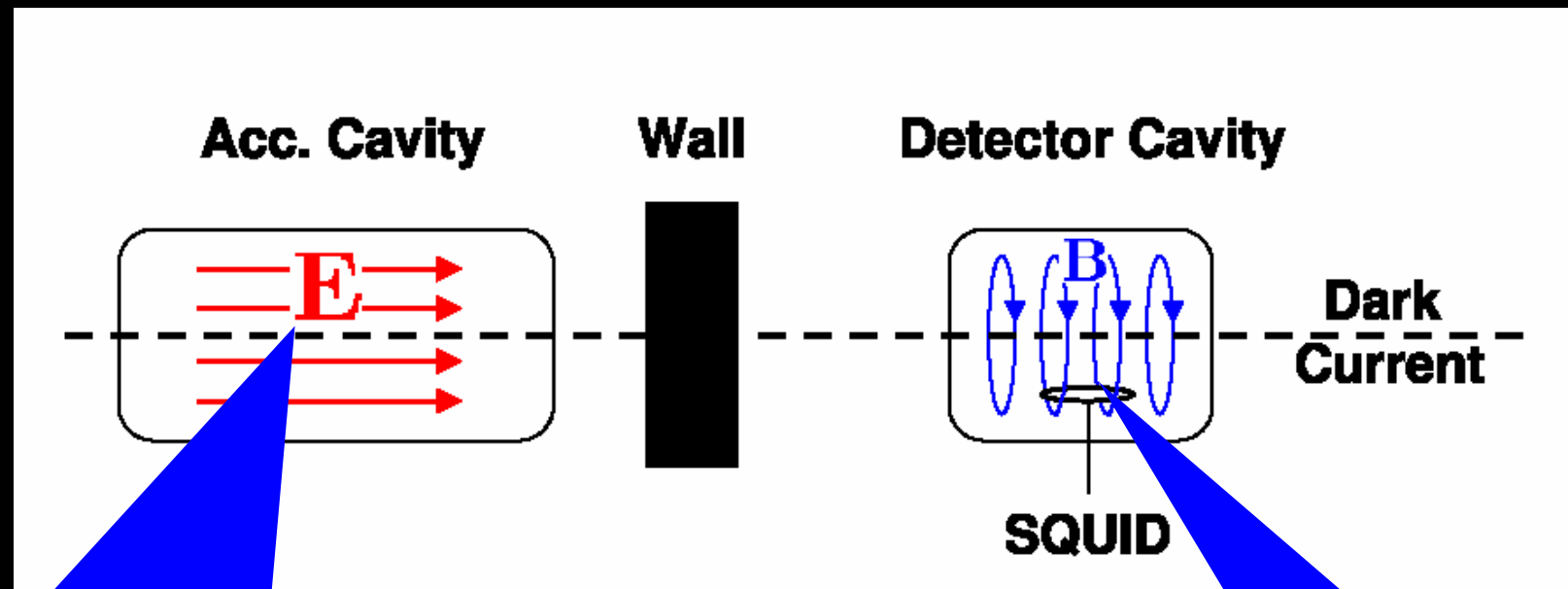
Quite strong bounds!



Not quite competitive with astrophysical bounds...

Nearly-direct detection...

Dark Current Shining through a Wall!



Minicharged particles produced in the cavity lead to a **Dark Current**

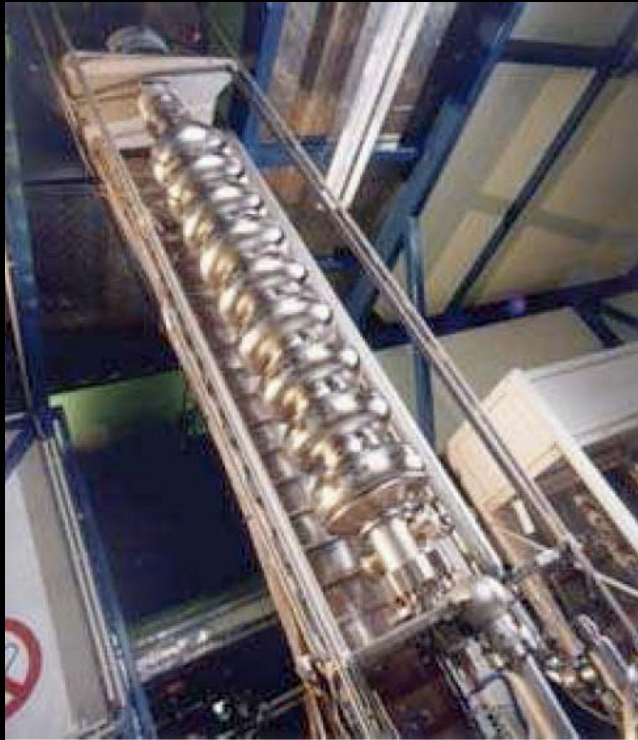
Dark Current detection

Advantages

- It's a (nearly) direct detection
- It detects minicharged particles without making use of the hidden photons

All parts exist!

Cavity

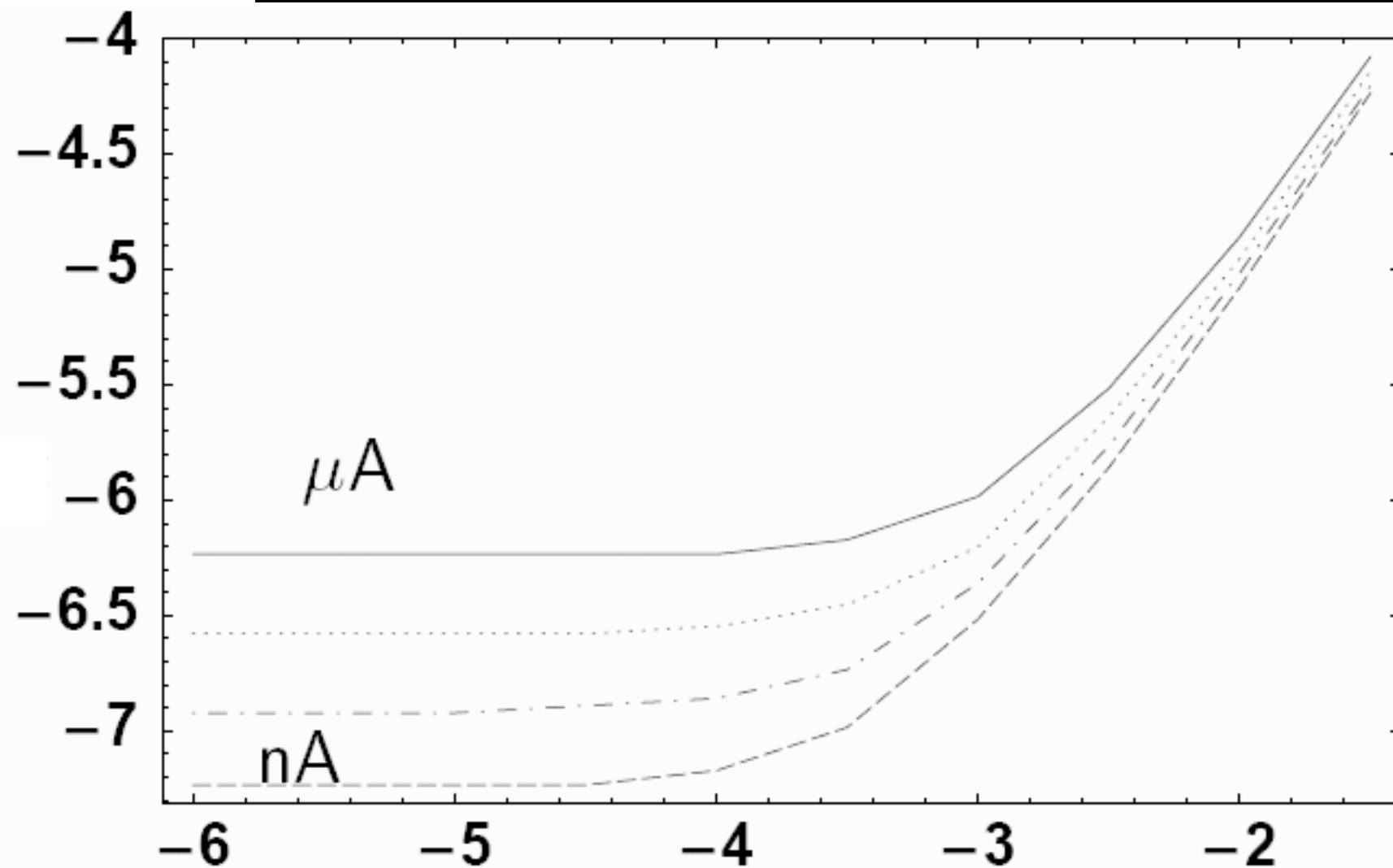


Cryogenic Current Comparator



Sensitivity

$\log_{10} \epsilon$

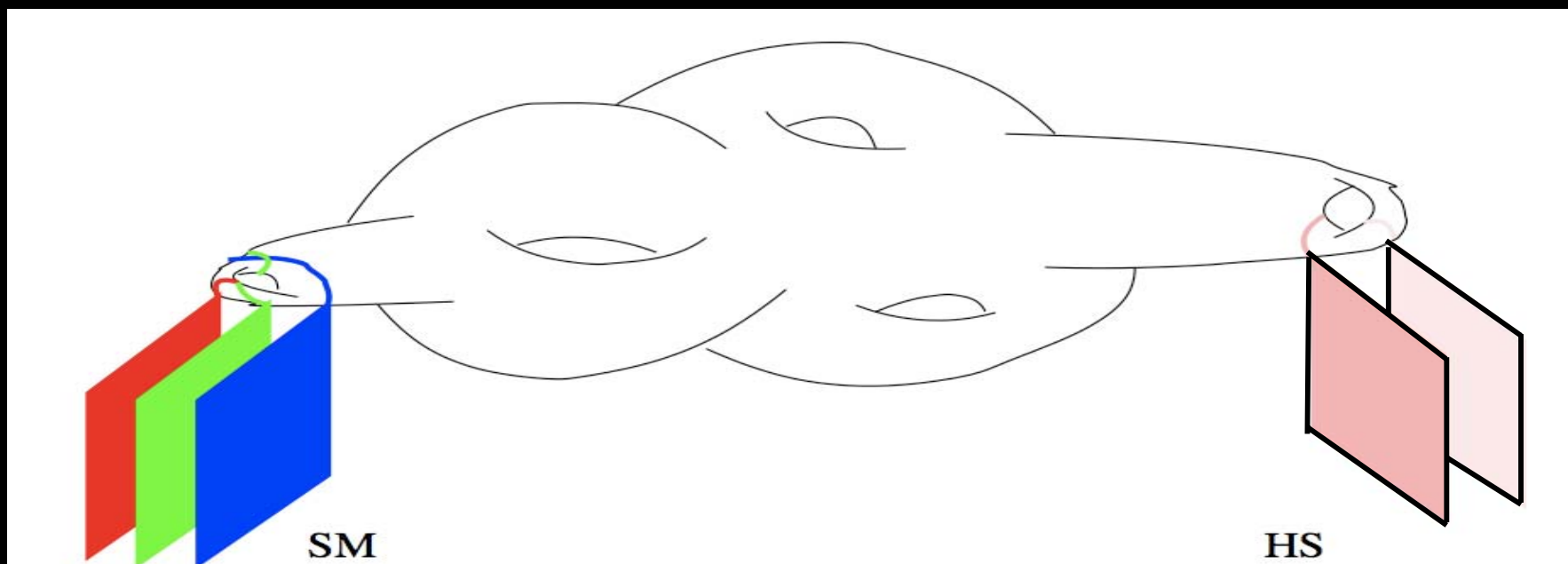


$\log_{10} m_\epsilon$

Searching hidden
photons inside a
superconducting
box

Hidden Photons

- Extra (light) $U(1)$ gauge bosons
- Standard model particles carry no (tree-level) charge under them \longrightarrow hidden!
- Tests hidden sectors of standard model extensions

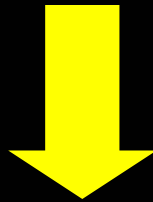


$$U(A) \times U(B) \times U(C)$$

$$U(A) \times U(B)$$

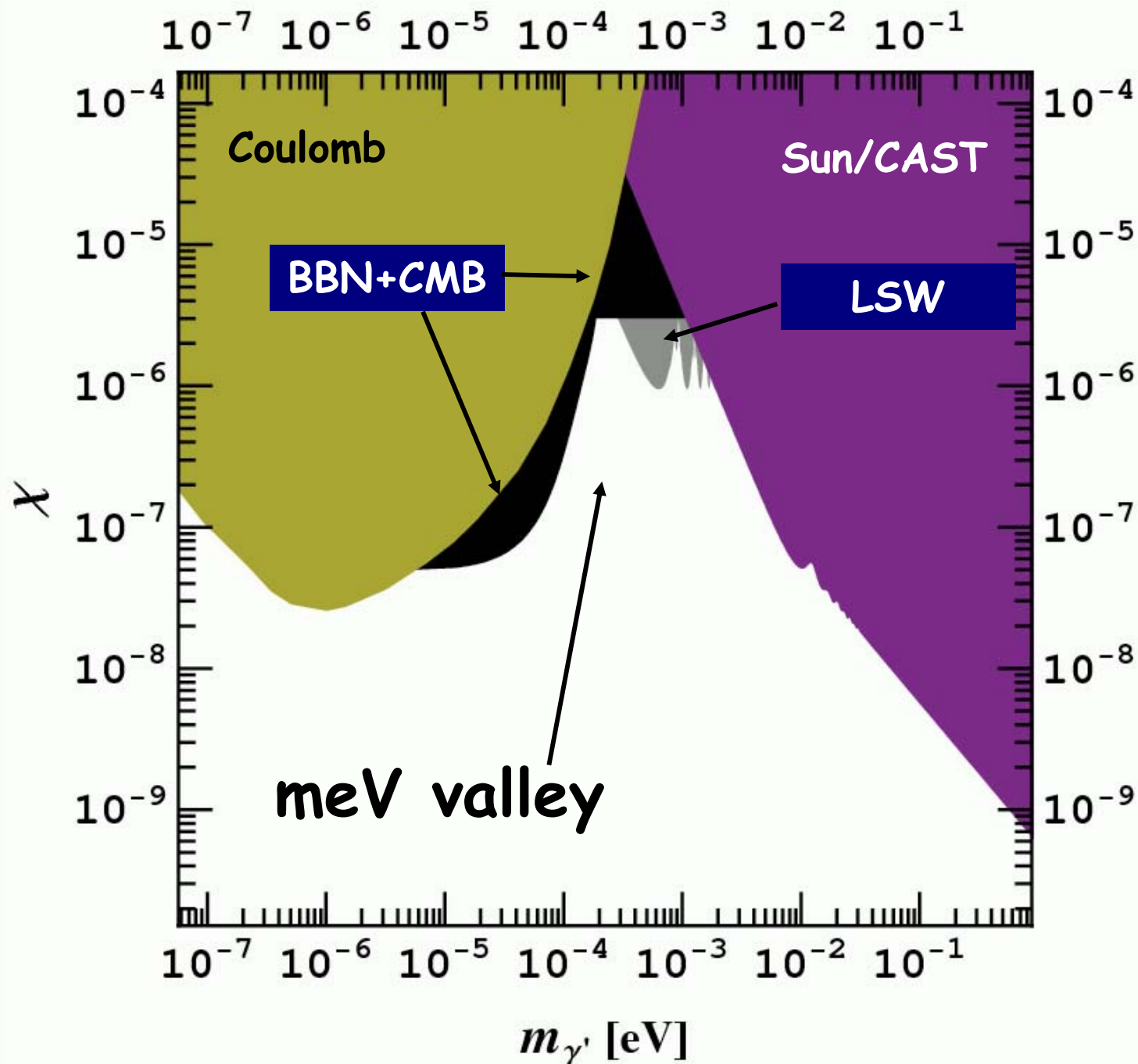
Massive hidden photons

- Hidden Photons can mix with the ordinary photon
- Propagation eigenstates are not identical with interaction eigenstates

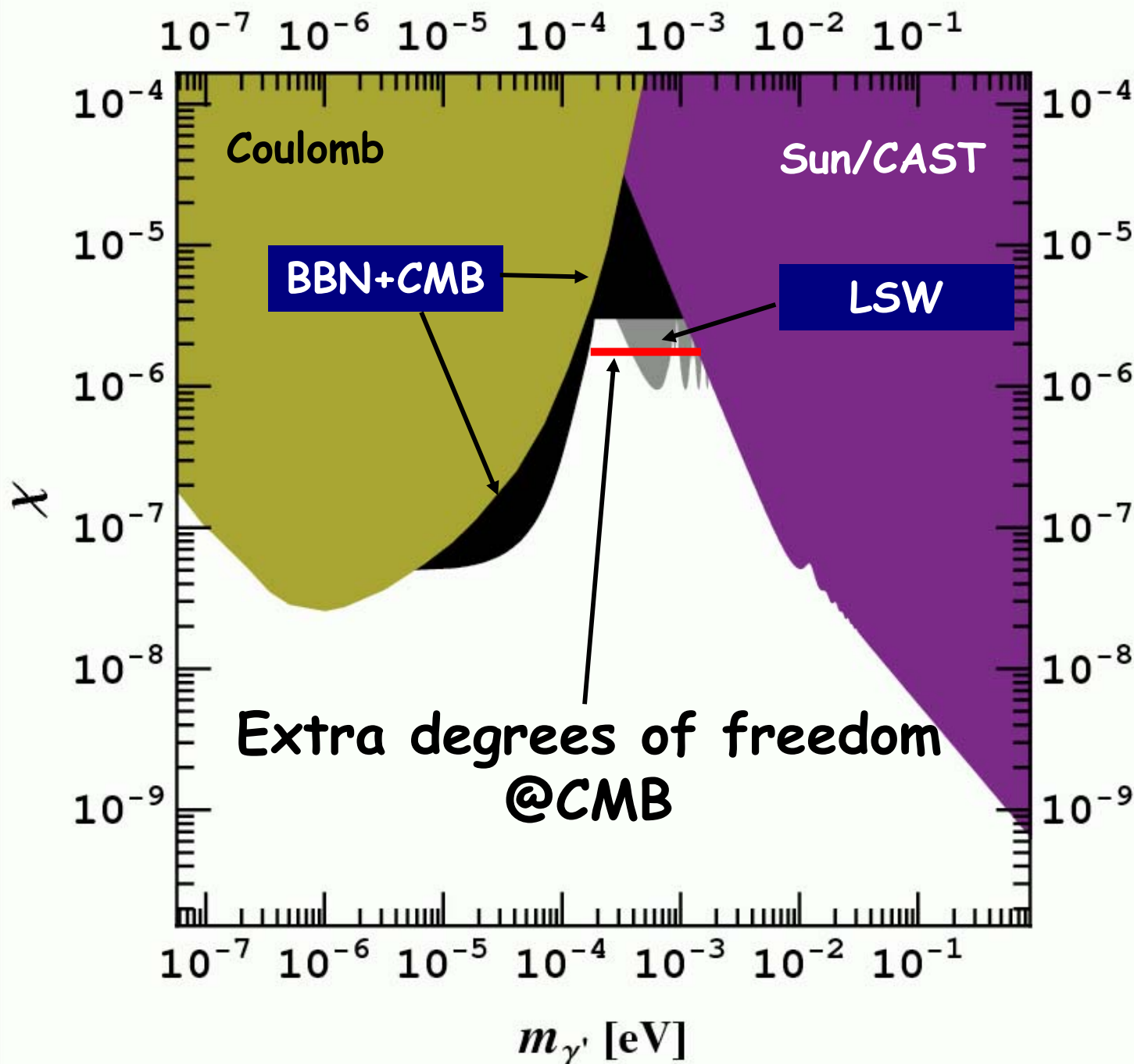


- Photon - Hidden photon oscillations
 - Completely analogous to neutrino oscillations
-

Current bounds \rightarrow opportunities

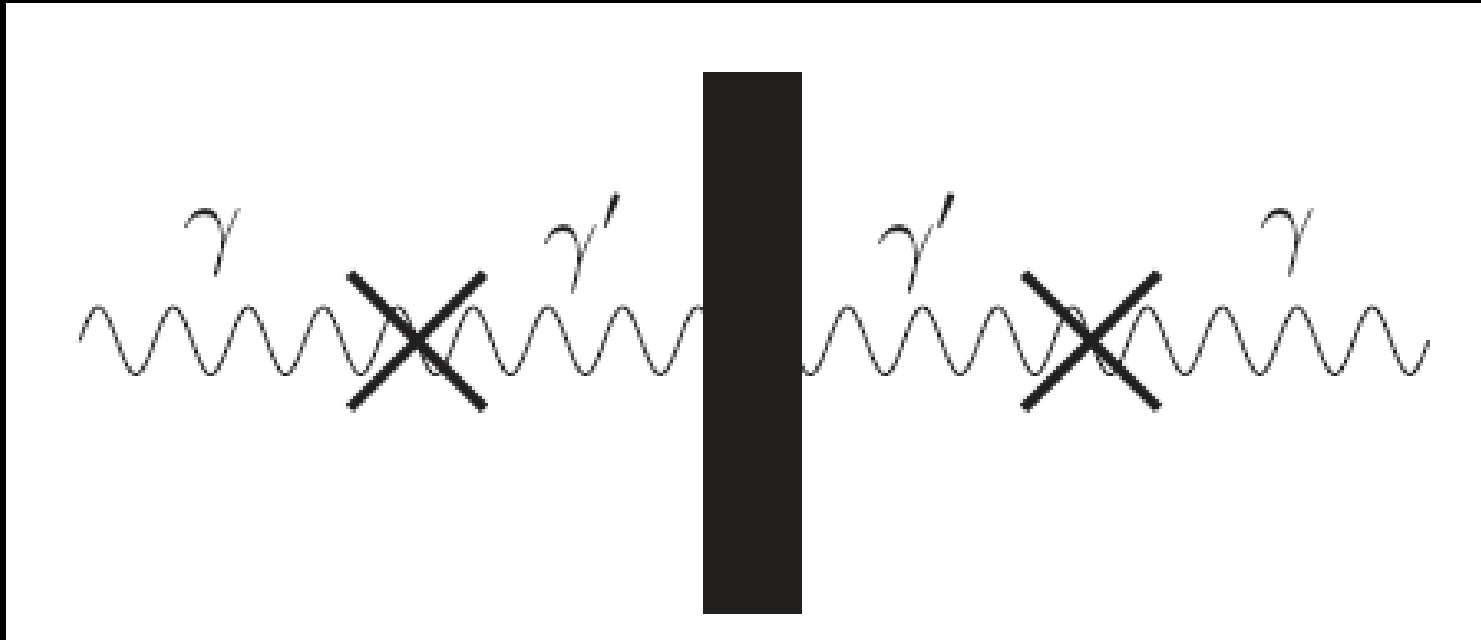


Current bounds \rightarrow opportunities



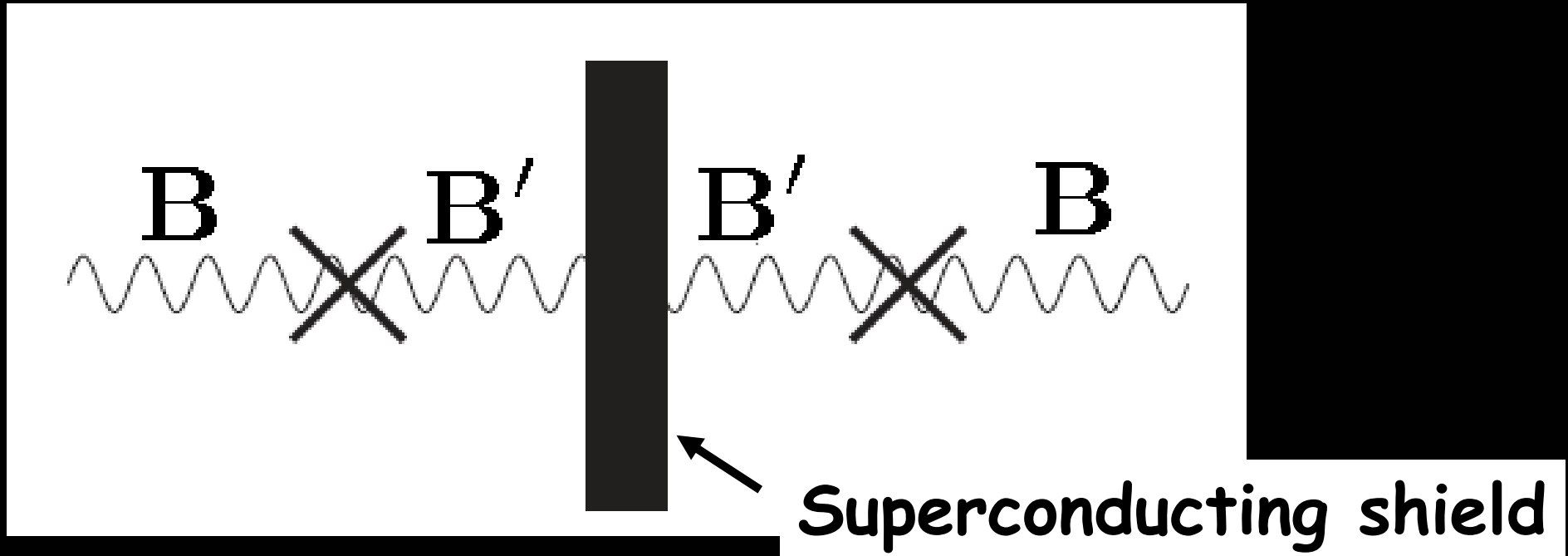
Basic idea

- Similar to `Light shining through walls':



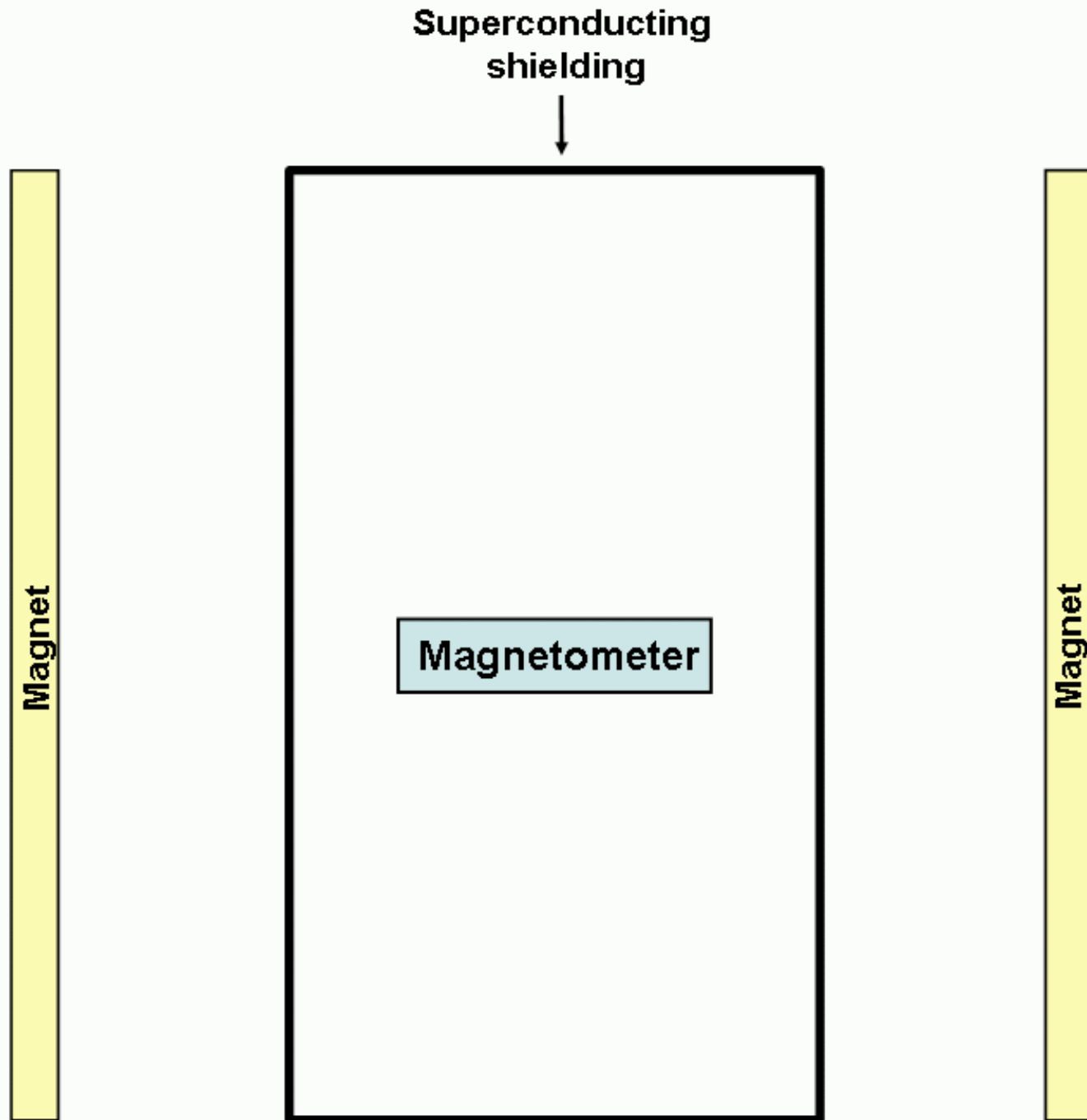
Basic idea

- Similar to Light shining through walls:

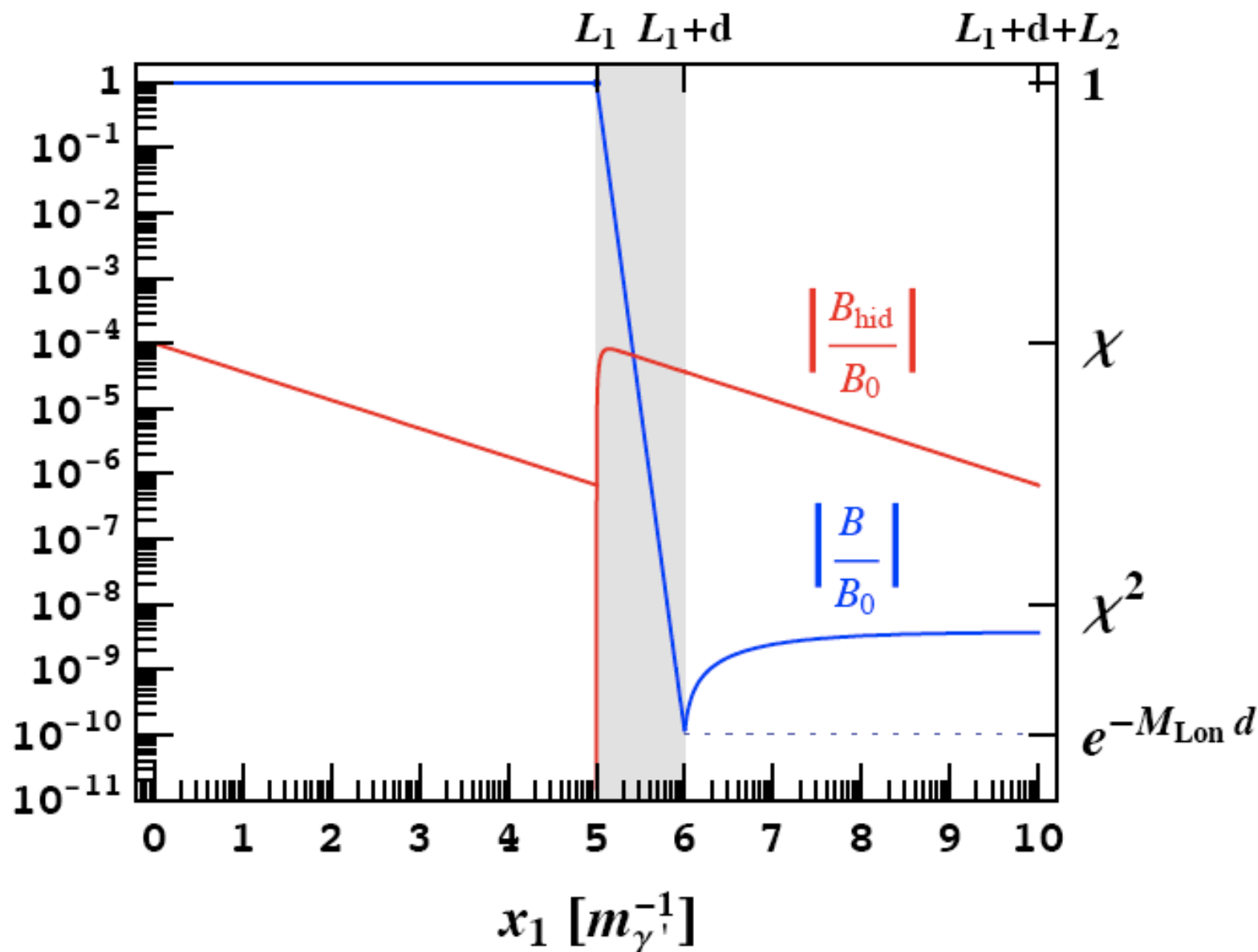


- But virtual instead of real photons,
- Magnetic field instead of Laser
- Superconductor is 'wall'

Setup: The box



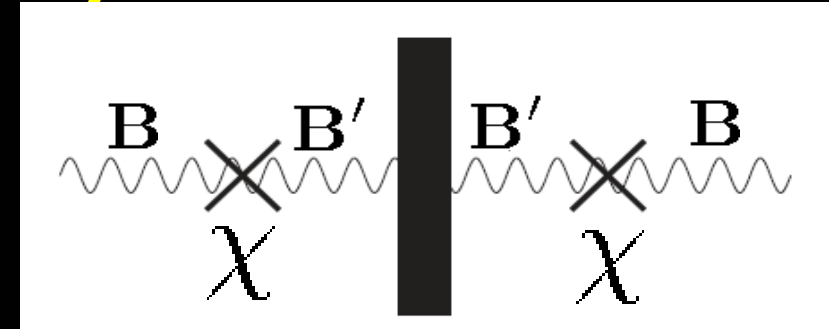
Magnetic fields from source to detector



Advantages

- Measures directly the field, i.e. amplitude instead of probability

➔ $\text{signal} \sim \chi^2$

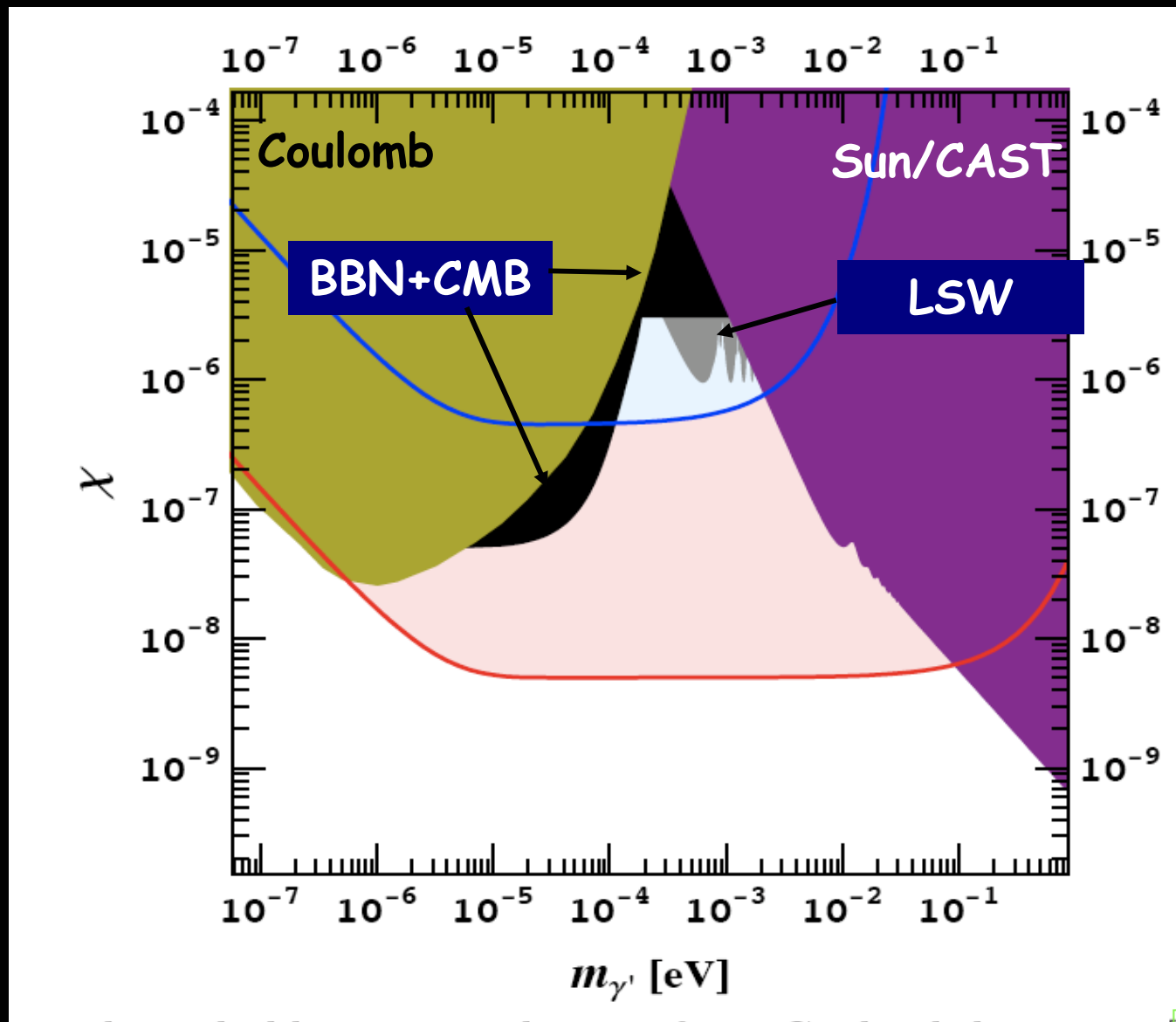


- Can use fields as high as 0.1 T (higher fields not shielded by most superconductors)
- Can detect B as low as a few 10^{-18} T

➔ Expect sensitivity up to $\chi \gg \text{few } 10^{-9}!$

(possible disadvantage: may not work for axions!)

Sensitivity: Exactly where we want it ☺

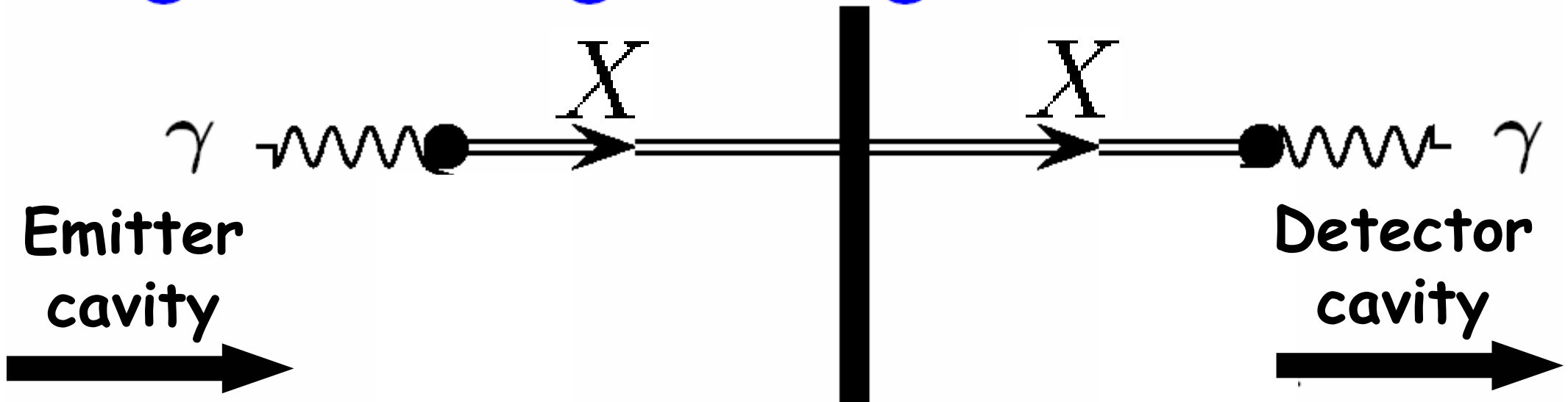


Could do better than astrophysics!!!

A cavity
experiment

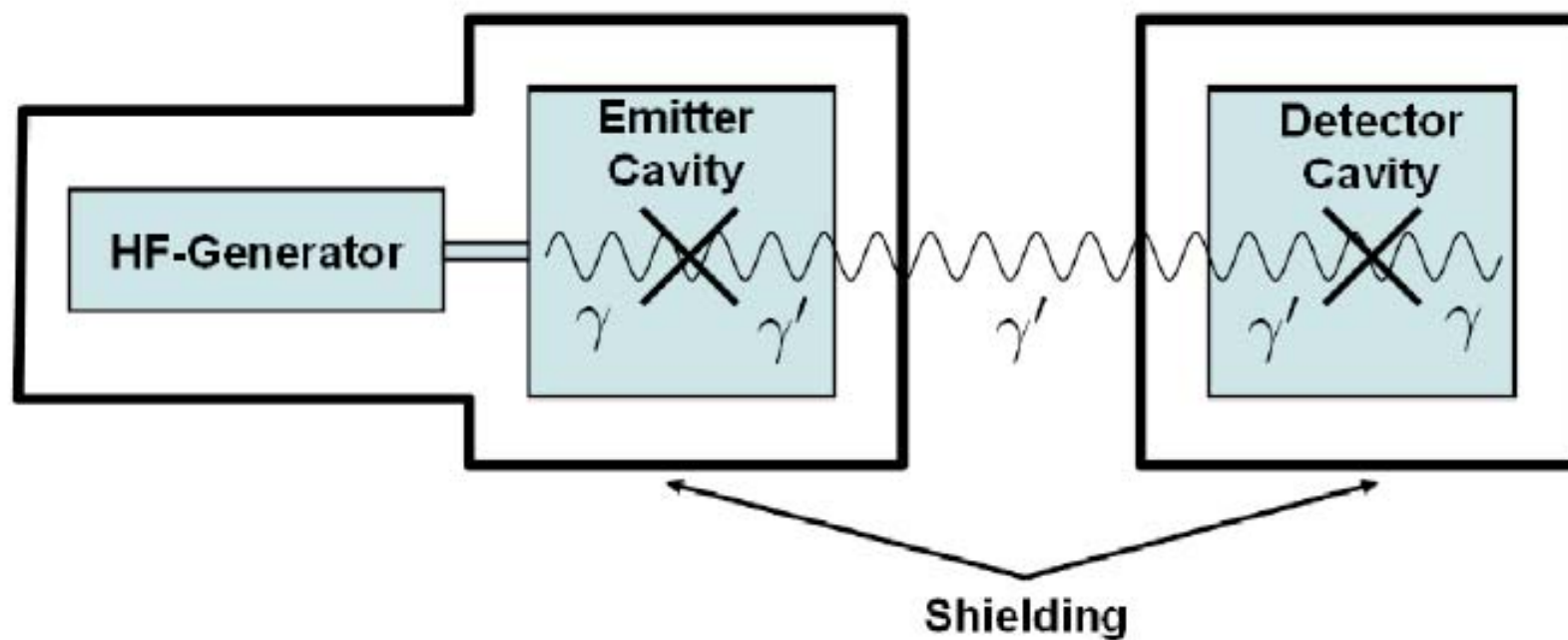
It's a Light shining through walls clone

“Light shining through a wall”



- **Microwaves instead of laser**

Setup



Advantages

- Resonant cavity setup: Cavity in production and regeneration region

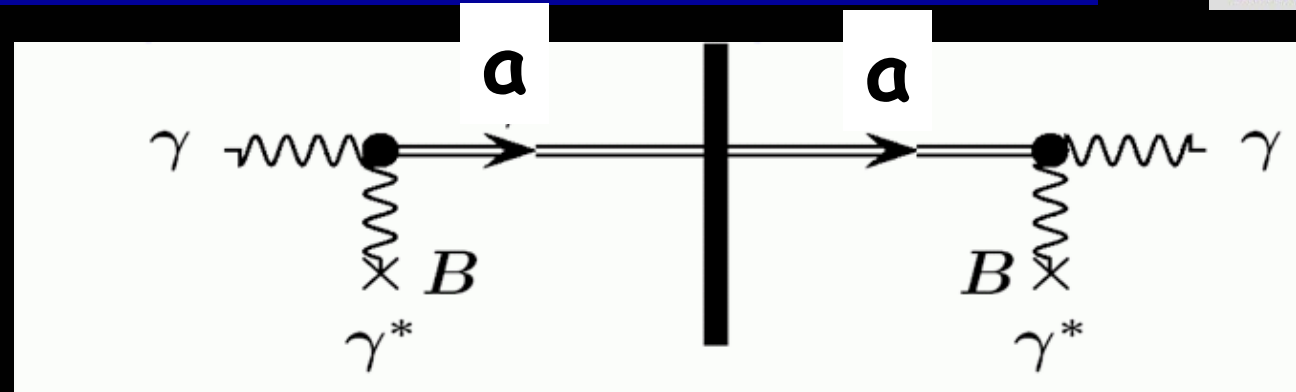
$$\text{signal} \sim Q_1 \times Q_2$$

- Microwave cavities can have very high Q-factors $\sim 10^{11}$!
 - Sensitive to masses in the interesting μeV - meV range
-

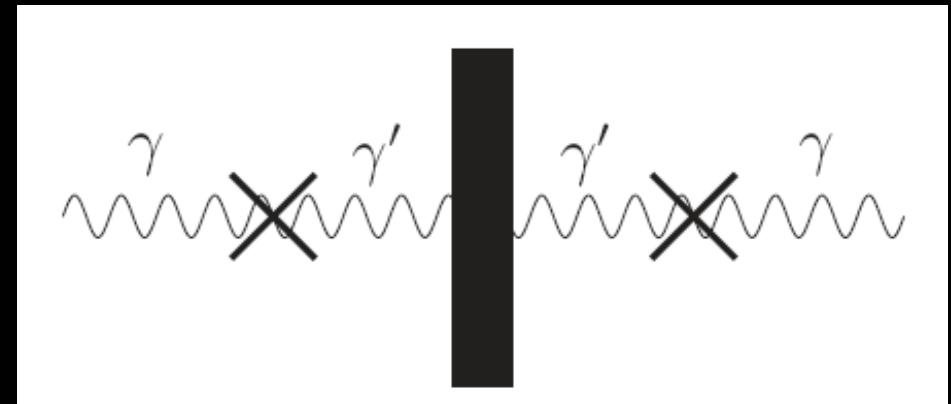
Sensitive to variety of WISPs

- Axions**

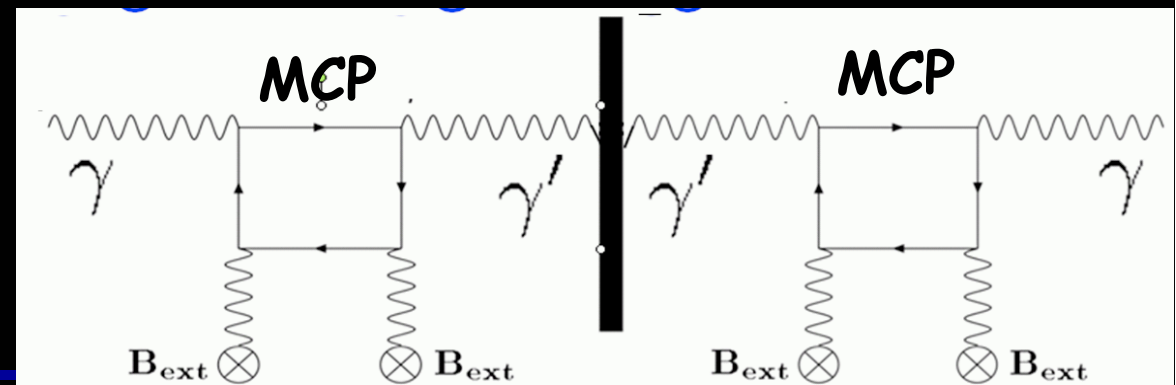
$$\frac{1}{M} a \tilde{F} F$$



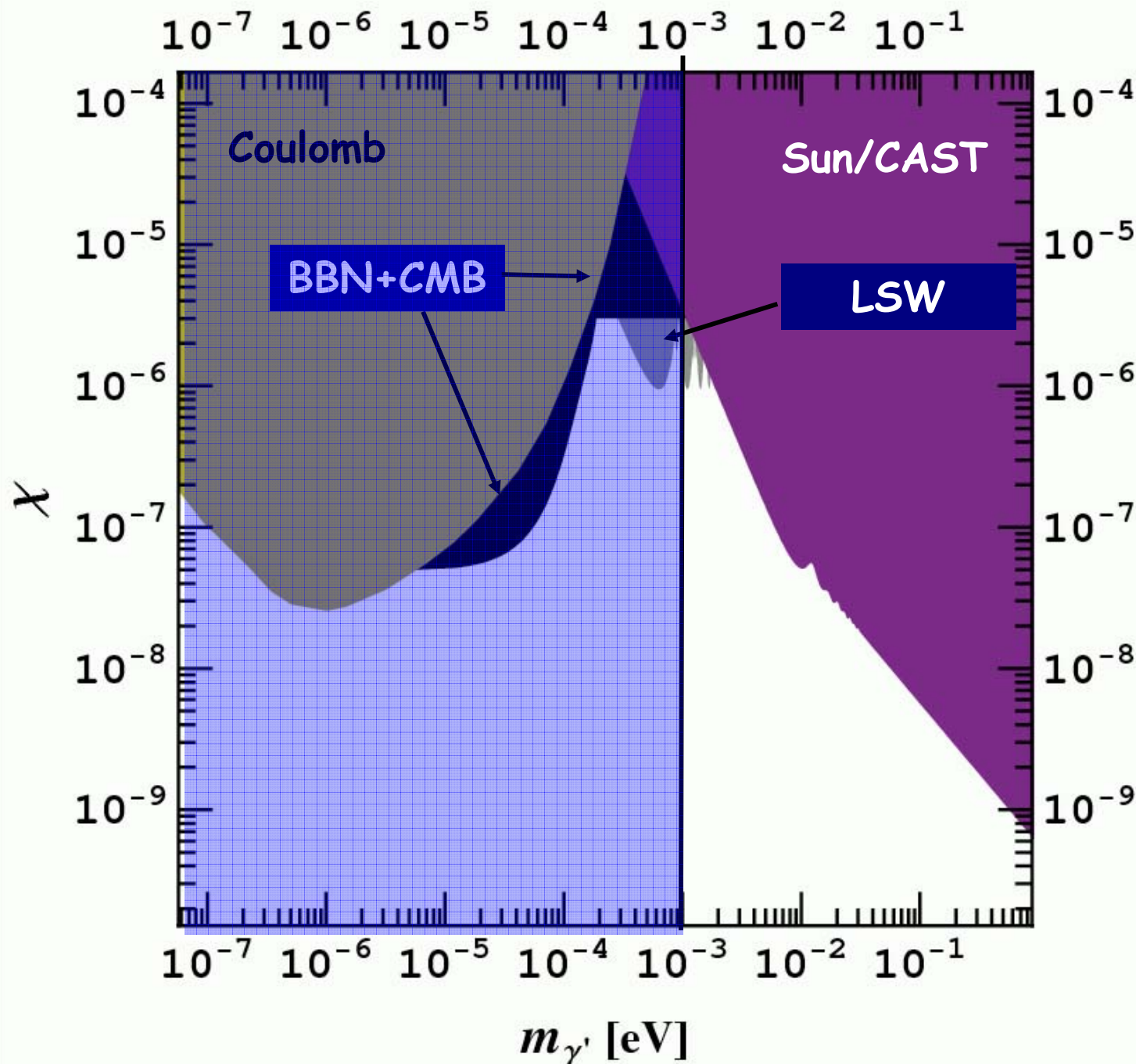
- Massive hidden photons (without B-field) = analog ν -oscillations**



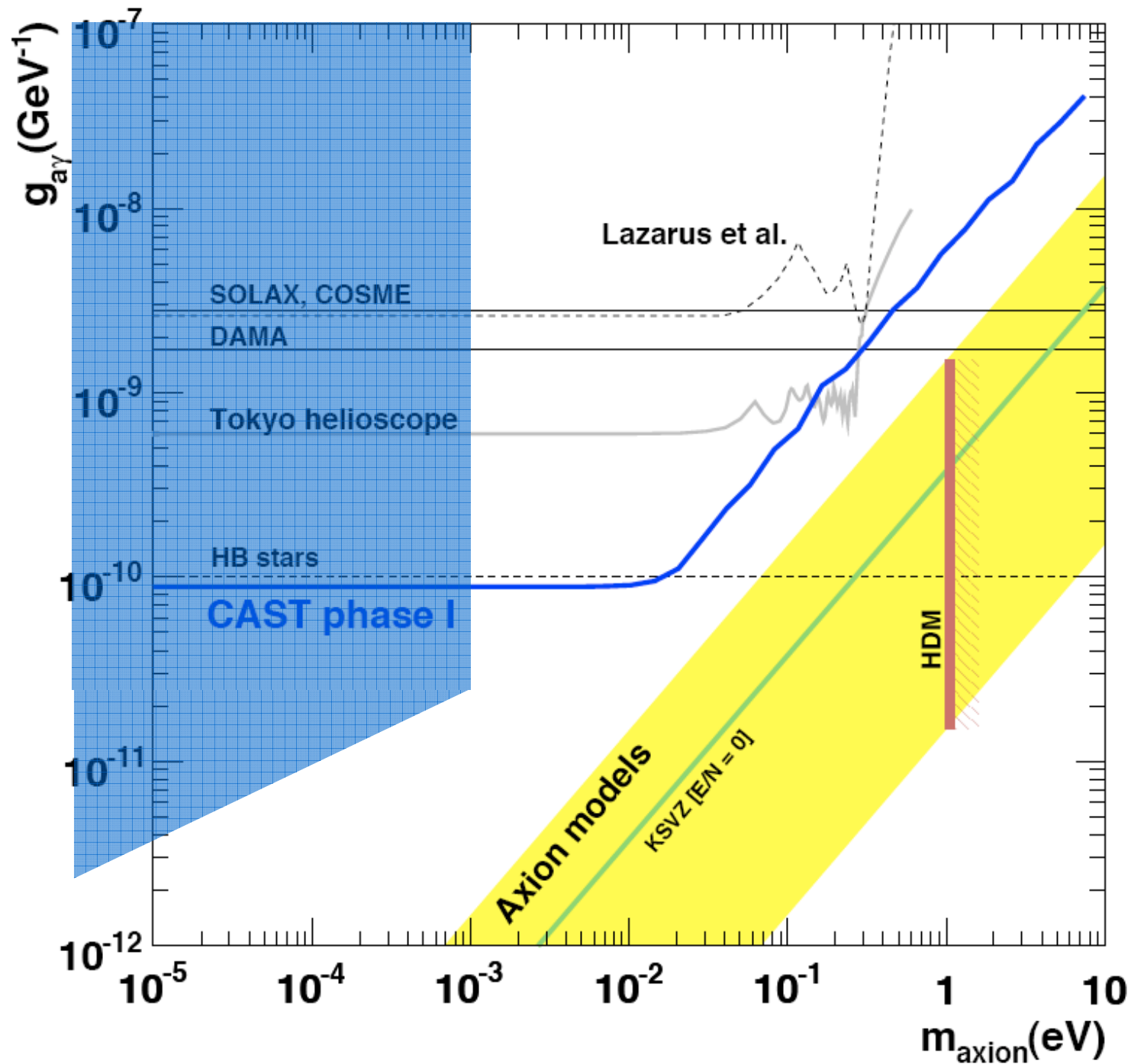
- Hidden photon + minicharged particle (MCP)**



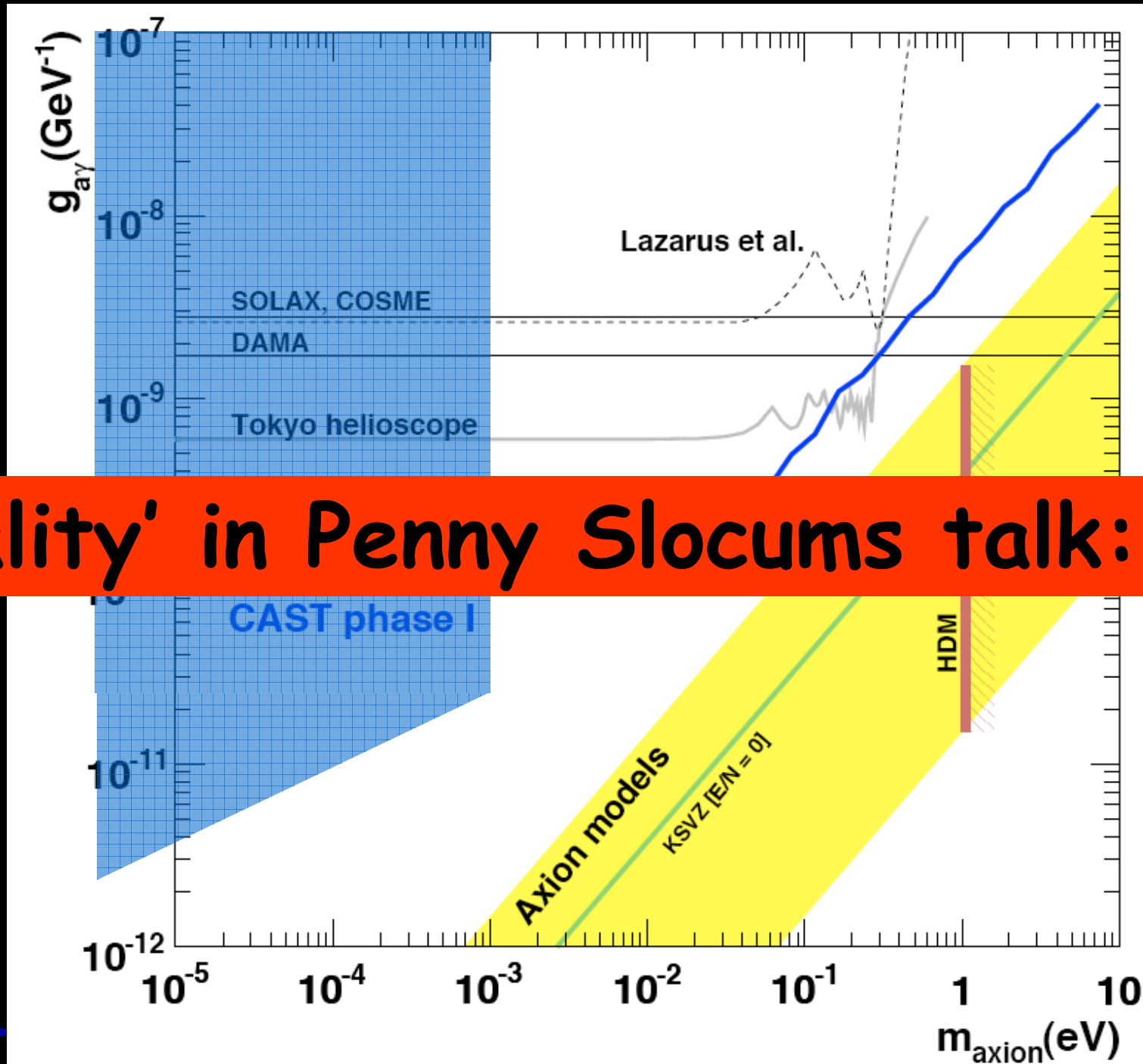
(theoretical) Sensitivity, e.g. hidden photons



Wildly optimistic proposal



Wildly optimistic proposal



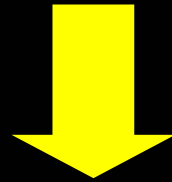
'Reality' in Penny Slocums talk: Now!

Conclusions

Conclusions

- AC/DC can provide (nearly) direct detection of minicharged particles
 - A `Superconducting Box' experiment could explore the meV valley for `hidden photons'
 - LSW with microwave cavities can provide a highly sensitive exploration of axions, and hidden photons
-

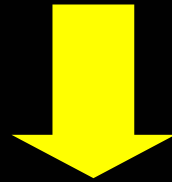
- All these experiments are small scale!
- They explore physics at ultra high energies and could detect hidden sectors



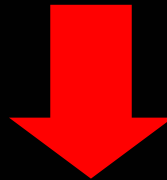
Complementary to accelerators!

Conclusions

- All these experiments are small scale!
- +
- They explore physics at ultra high energies and could detect hidden sectors



Complementary to accelerators!



Please build them 😊 !

Theorists and "easy" experiments...

...lets go WISP hunting

